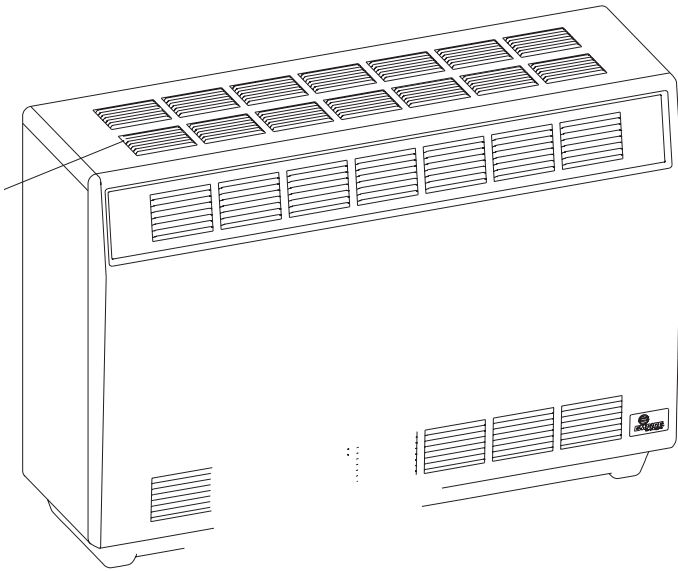


# INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AND OWNER'S MANUAL



**WARNING:** If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- **WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS**
  - Do not try to light any appliance.
  - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
  - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
  - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

## VENTED ROOM HEATER

**MODELS  
RH-25-6  
RH-35-6**



**EFFECTIVE DATE  
APRIL 2006**

**Installer:** Please leave these instructions with the consumer.

**Consumer:** Please retain these instructions for future use.

**WARNING:** If not installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, this product could expose you to substances in fuel or from fuel combustion which can cause death or serious illness.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION	PAGE
Important Safety Information .....	3
Safety Information for Users of LP Gas .....	4
Introduction.....	5
Specifications .....	5
Gas Supply .....	6
Clearances .....	7
Venting .....	7
Vent Safety Shutoff System .....	8
Reversible Vertical or Horizontal Diverter .....	8
Thermostat Operation .....	8
Lighting Instructions .....	9
Pilot Flame Characteristics .....	10
Main Burner Flame Characteristics .....	10
Maintenance.....	11
Troubleshooting .....	11
How to Order Repair Parts.....	12
Parts List .....	12
Parts View .....	13
Optional Blower Installation Instructions .....	14-15
Service Notes .....	16

# IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

## THIS IS A HEATING APPLIANCE

DO NOT OPERATE THIS APPLIANCE WITHOUT FRONT PANEL INSTALLED.

- Due to high temperatures, the room heater should be located out of traffic and away from furniture and draperies.
- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of high surface temperature and should stay away to avoid burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room as the room heater.
- Clothing or other flammable material should not be placed on or near the room heater.
- Due to high surface temperatures, keep children, clothing and furniture away.
- Keep burner and control compartment clean.
- Installation and repair should be done by a **QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSON**. The room heater should be inspected before use and at least annually by a qualified service person. More frequent cleaning may be required due to excessive lint from carpeting, bedding material, etc. It is imperative that control compartments, burners and circulating air passageways of the room heater be kept clean.
- **DO NOT** put anything around the heater that will obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air. See clearances.
- **DO** keep the appliance area clear and free from combustible material, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- **DO** examine venting system periodically. Clean and replace damaged parts. Examinations should be made at the start of the heating season and also in mid heating season under average conditions.
- **DO** examine burners periodically. Clean and replace damaged parts.
- **DO NOT** use this heater if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the heater and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

**Attention:** During operation of vented room heater the gasket for observation hole cover, observation hole cover and cover plate for observation hole cover must be attached to combustion chamber and secured with two (2) wing nuts.

# SAFETY INFORMATION FOR USERS OF LP-GAS

**Propane (LP-Gas) is a flammable gas which can cause fires and explosions. In its natural state, propane is odorless and colorless. You may not know all the following safety precautions which can protect both you and your family from an accident. Read them carefully now, then review them point**

**by point with the members of your household. Someday when there may not be a minute to lose, everyone's safety will depend on knowing exactly what to do. If, after reading the following information, you feel you still need more information, please contact your gas supplier.**

## LP-GAS WARNING ODOR

**If a gas leak happens, you should be able to smell the gas because of the odorant put in the LP-Gas. That's your signal to go into immediate action!**

- Do not operate electric switches, light matches, use your phone. Do not do anything that could ignite the gas.
- Get everyone out of the building, vehicle, trailer, or area. Do that IMMEDIATELY.
- Close all gas tank or cylinder supply valves.
- LP-Gas is heavier than air and may settle in low areas such as basements. When you have reason to suspect a gas leak, keep out of basements and other low areas. Stay out until firefighters declare them to be safe.
- Use your neighbor's phone and call a trained LP-Gas service person and the fire department. Even though you may not continue to smell gas, do not turn on the gas again. Do not re-enter the building, vehicle, trailer, or area.
- **Finally**, let the service man and firefighters check for escaped gas. Have them air out the area before you return. Properly trained LP-Gas service people should repair the leak, then check and relight the gas appliance for you.

## NO ODOR DETECTED - ODOR FADE

**Some people cannot smell well. Some people cannot smell the odor of the chemical put into the gas. You must find out if you can smell the odorant in propane.** Smoking can decrease your ability to smell. Being around an odor for a time can affect your sensitivity or ability to detect that odor. Sometimes other odors in the area mask the gas odor. People may not smell the gas odor or their minds are on something else. Thinking about smelling a gas odor can make it easier to smell.

**The odorant in LP-gas is colorless, and it can fade under some circumstances.** For example, if there is an underground leak, the movement of the gas through soil can filter the odorant. Odorants

in LP-Gas also are subject to oxidation. This fading can occur if there is rust inside the storage tank or in iron gas pipes.

The odorant in escaped gas can adsorb or absorb onto or into walls, masonry and other materials and fabrics in a room. That will take some of the odorant out of the gas, reducing its odor intensity.

LP-Gas may stratify in a closed area, and the odor intensity could vary at different levels. Since it is heavier than air, there may be more odor at lower levels. Always be sensitive to the slightest gas odor. If you detect any odor, treat it as a serious leak. Immediately go into action as instructed earlier.

## SOME POINTS TO REMEMBER

- **Learn to recognize the odor of LP-gas.** Your local LP-Gas Dealer can give you a "Scratch and Sniff" pamphlet. Use it to find out what the propane odor smells like. If you suspect that your LP-Gas has a weak or abnormal odor, call your LP-Gas Dealer.
- If you are not qualified, do not light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments to appliances on the LP-Gas system. If you are qualified, consciously think about the odor of LP-Gas prior to and while lighting pilot lights or performing service or making adjustments.
- Sometimes a basement or a closed-up house has a musty smell that can cover up the LP-Gas odor. Do not try to light pilot lights, perform service, or make adjustments in an area where the conditions are such that you may not detect the odor if there has been a leak of LP-Gas.
- Odor fade, due to oxidation by rust or adsorption on walls of new cylinders and tanks, is possible. Therefore, people should be particularly alert and careful when new tanks or cylinders are placed in service. Odor fade can occur in new tanks, or reinstalled old tanks, if they are filled and allowed to set too long before refilling. Cylinders and tanks which have been out of service for a time may develop internal rust which will cause odor fade. If such conditions are suspected to exist, a periodic sniff test of the gas is advisable. **If you have any question about the gas odor, call your LP-gas dealer. A periodic sniff test of the LP-gas is a good safety measure under any condition.**
- If, at any time, you do not smell the LP-Gas odorant and you think you should, assume you have a leak. Then take the same immediate action recommended above for the occasion when you do detect the odorized LP-Gas.
- If you experience a complete "gas out," (the container is under no vapor pressure), turn the tank valve off immediately. If the container valve is left on, the container may draw in some air through openings such as pilot light orifices. If this occurs, some new internal rusting could occur. If the valve is left open, then treat the container as a new tank. Always be sure your container is under vapor pressure by turning it off at the container before it goes completely empty or having it refilled before it is completely empty.

# INTRODUCTION

## Introduction

Always consult your local Building Department regarding regulations, codes or ordinances which apply to the installation of a vented room heater.

## Instructions to Installer

1. Installer must leave instruction manual with owner after installation.
2. Installer must have owner fill out and mail warranty card supplied with vented room heater.
3. Installer should show owner how to start and operate vented room heater and thermostat.

### Warning:

**Any change to this vented room heater or its controls can be dangerous. Any safety screen or guard removed for servicing a vented room heater must be replaced prior to operating the vented room heater.**

## General Information

This series is design certified in accordance with American National Standard/CSA Standard Z21.86 and CSA 2.32 by the Canadian Standards Association, as a Vented Room Heater and must be installed according to these instructions.

**Any alteration of the original design, installed other than as shown in these instructions or use with a type of gas not shown on the rating plate is the responsibility of the person and company making the change.**

## Important

All correspondence should refer to complete Model Number, Serial Number and type of gas.

**Notice:** During initial firing of this unit, its paint will bake out and smoke will occur. To prevent triggering of smoke alarms, ventilate the room in which the unit is installed.

## Installation on Rugs and Tile

If this appliance is to be installed directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material, *other than wood flooring*, the appliance shall be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.

The base referred to above does not mean the fire-proof base as used on wood stoves. The protection is primarily for rugs that may be extremely thick and light-color tile that can discolor.

Floor pad is available from Empire Comfort Systems, Inc., Part Number DVP-1.

## Qualified Installing Agency

Installation and replacement of gas piping, gas utilization equipment or accessories and repair and servicing of equipment shall be performed only by a qualified agency. The term "qualified agency" means any individual, firm, corporation, or company which whether in person or through a representative is engaged in and is responsible for (a) the installation or replacement of gas piping or (b) the connection, installation, repair or servicing of equipment, who is experienced in such work, familiar with all precautions required and has complied with all the requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

**State of Massachusetts:** The installation must be made by a licensed plumber or gas fitter in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The installation must conform to local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1* \*/*Canadian Installation Code, CAN/CGA B149*.

*\*Available from the American National Standards Institute, Inc., 11 West 42nd St., New York, NY 10036.*

## High Altitudes

For altitudes/elevations above 2,000 feet (610m), input ratings should be reduced at the rate of 4 percent for each 1,000 feet (305m) above sea level. **Canadian High Altitudes** for locations having an elevation above mean sea level between 2,000 feet (610m) and 4,500 feet (1370m), the manifold pressure is to be decreased from 4.0" w.c. (.996kPa) to 3.2" w.c. (.797kPa) for Natural Gas and from 10.0" w.c. (2.49kPa) to 8.0" w.c. (1.99kPa) for Propane Gas.

# SPECIFICATIONS

Model	RH-25	RH-35
Input BTU.HR (KW/H)	25,000 (7.3)	35,000 (10.3)
Height	26" (660mm)	26" (660mm)
Width	37" (940mm)	37" (940mm)
Depth including diverter	18 3/8" (467mm)	18 3/8" (467mm)
Gas Inlet Pipe	1/2" (13mm)	1/2" (13mm)
Size of flue collar	4" (102mm)	4" (102mm)
Floor to top of collar on vertical position of Draft Diverter	22 15/16" (583mm)	22 15/16" (583mm)
Floor to center of collar on horizontal position of Draft Diverter	18 3/16" (462mm)	18 3/16" (462mm)
<b>Accessories</b>		
Blower Package	DRB-1	DRB-1
Floor Pad	DVP-1	DVP-1

# GAS SUPPLY

**Recommended Gas Pipe Diameter**

Pipe Length	Schedule 40 Pipe Inside Diameter		Outside Diameter	
	Nat.	L.P.		
0-10 feet 0-3 meters	1/2" 12.7mm	3/8" 9.5mm	12.7mm	3/8" 9.5mm
10-40 feet 4-12 meters	1/2" 12.7mm	1/2" 12.7mm	15.9mm	1/2" 12.7mm
40-100 feet 13-30 meters	1/2" 12.7mm	1/2" 12.7mm	19mm	1/2" 12.7mm
100-150 feet 31-46 meters	3/4" 19mm	1/2" 12.7mm	22.2mm	3/4" 19mm

**Note:** Never use plastic pipe. Check to confirm whether your local codes allow copper tubing or galvanized.

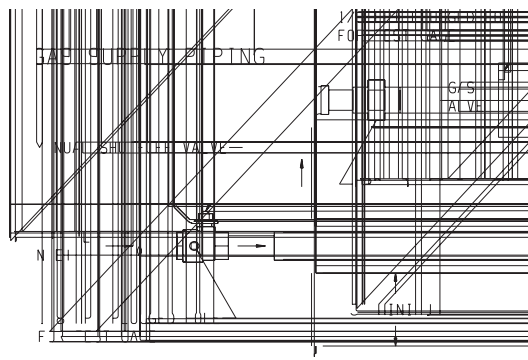
**Note:** Since some municipalities have additional local codes, it is always best to consult your local authority and installation code.

The use of the following gas connectors is recommended:

- ANS Z21.24 Appliance Connectors of Corrugated Metal Tubing and Fittings
- ANS Z21.45 Assembled Flexible Appliance Connectors of Other Than All-Metal Construction

The above connectors may be used if acceptable by the authority having jurisdiction. The state of Massachusetts requires that a flexible appliance connector cannot exceed three feet in length.

unexposed, a pressure test should be made.



1. To check the inlet pressure to the gas valve, a 1/8" (3mm) N.P.T.

## Attention!

it will result in a hazardous condition.

Both Propane and Natural gas valves have a built-in pressure regulator

## Installing a New Main Gas Cock

Each appliance should have its own manual gas cock.

A manual main gas cock should be located in the vicinity of



# CLEARANCES

Clearances: When facing the front of the room heater the minimum clearances to combustible construction (material) are the following:

Right side 6 inches (152mm). Left side 6 inches (152mm).  
Recommend 18 inches (457mm) on left side for servicing.

Do not install in alcove or closet. No horizontal projection above heater permitted within 48 inches (122cm).

Ceiling 48 inches (122cm). Rear of draft hood 2 inches (51mm).

Open in front to provide service, access, and clearance to combustibles.

# VENTING

## Venting

1. Flue pipe must be as large as the flue collar on the draft diverter.
2. Maintain an upward slope of at least 1/4 inch (6mm) per foot (.3m) of horizontal run.
3. Run flue pipe as directly as possible with a minimum of elbows.
4. Flue pipe should extend through the wall of a chimney to be flush with inner wall.
5. Flue pipe must be adequately supported by metal strips.
6. Single wall vent pipe may be attached directly to the draft hood of the room heater when a clearance of 2 1/2 inches (64mm) is maintained between the single wall vent pipe and the combustible wall of the room in which the room heater is located. Use double wall vent pipe for clearances less than 2 1/2 inches (64mm) to combustibles.
7. For flue pipe running through walls and roof, use B-1 [1 inch (25mm) clearance to combustibles) vent pipe.
8. Chimneys should extend at least 2 feet (.6m) above the roof and above any object or nearby building within 10 feet (3m).
9. Open tees should not be used in the flue pipe.
10. Appliance must not be connected to a chimney flue that is servicing a separate solid-fuel burning appliance.

For proper venting, do not attach a 90° elbow directly to draft diverter. If possible, attach 2 feet (.6m) of straight vent pipe before an elbow is used. Use 45° elbows if possible.

**Uninsulated single-wall metal pipe shall not be used outdoors in cold climates for venting gas utilization equipment.**

## Ventilation and Combustion Air

Room heaters shall be installed in a location in which the facilities for ventilation permit satisfactory combustion of gas and proper venting under normal conditions. In buildings of conventional frame, brick or stone construction without tight storm windows and doors, infiltration is normally adequate to provide for combustion and draft hood dilution.

Where appliances are installed in a confined space within a building, the building being of unusually tight construction, air for combustion and ventilation must be obtained directly from outdoors or from such spaces that freely communicate with the outdoors. Under these conditions, the confined space shall be provided with two permanent openings, one near the top of the enclosure and one near the bottom; each opening shall have a free area of not less than one square inch (6.5cm<sup>2</sup>) per 1,000 BTU's (.3KW/H) of total

input. The draft hood must be in the same atmospheric pressure zone as the combustion air inlet to the appliance.

## Liner and Insulated Liner

When you install a vented room heater into a masonry chimney you must follow these steps.

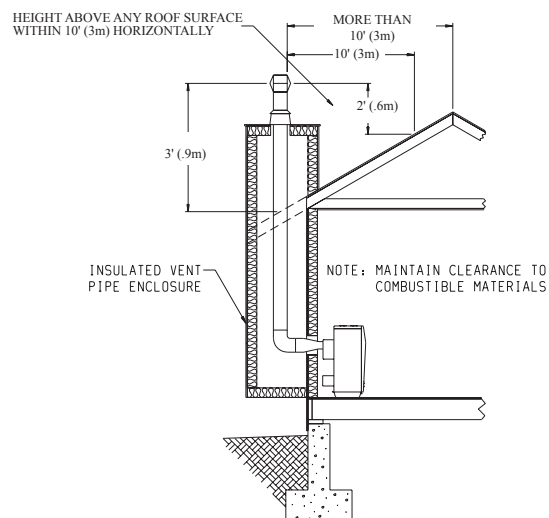
1. The chimney must be lined and sized properly. Most masonry chimneys are over sized and absorb too much heat to be considered a proper vent. If you have any doubts line the chimney with the right size liner. If it's unlined you must line it.
2. Use an insulated liner when the chimney is on the outside, three sides exposed to the weather, and there is no clay liner in the chimney. The insulation will help keep the flue gases warmer.

## Insulated Vent Enclosure

Vented room heaters installed with the vent going directly to the outside and above the eaves can cause poor venting. The cold pipe will have a delay in proper venting and cause the room heater to shut "off" by the vent safety switch. To prevent delayed venting as well as condensation of flue products an insulated enclosure is recommended.

Use type B 4" (102mm) diameter vent pipe and maintain at least a one inch (25mm) clearance to combustibles.

Use metal thimble to protect vent pipe as it passes through combustibles.



**Figure 3**

## VENT SAFETY SHUTOFF SYSTEM

This heater must be properly connected to a venting system. This heater is equipped with a vent safety shutoff system.

### **Warning:**

**Operation of this heater, when not connected to a properly installed and maintained venting system or tampering with the vent safety shutoff system, can result in carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning and possible death.**

This appliance needs fresh air for safe operation and must be installed so there are provisions for adequate combustion and ventilation air.

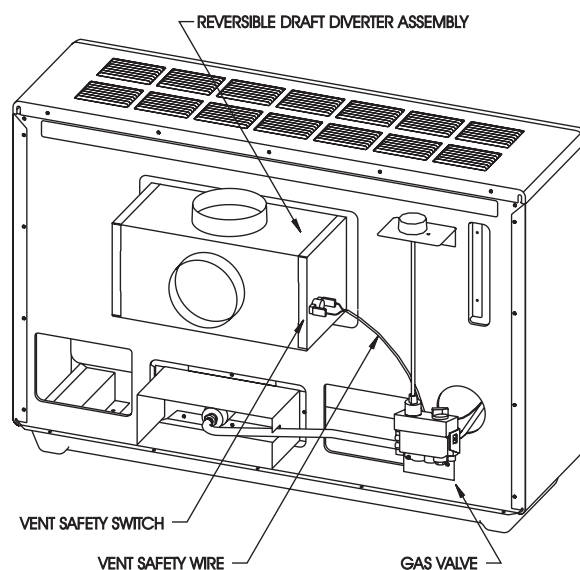
This room heater is equipped with a vent safety switch. The vent safety switch will cause gas flow to the pilot to “shut off” due to improper venting or a blocked flue.

If the vent safety switch continues to “shut off” the gas flow to the pilot a qualified service person must be contacted to inspect for improper venting, blockage in the vent pipe or the vent safety switch for being defective.

## REVERSIBLE VERTICAL OR HORIZONTAL DRAFT DIVERTER

This room heater has a reversible draft diverter. The draft diverter is installed in the vertical position at the factory. Please use the following steps to change the draft diverter from the vertical position to the horizontal position.

1. Remove L280 vent safety switch from the draft diverter.
2. Inside your yellow instruction envelope will be a 1 1/2" x 2 1/4" (38mm x 51mm) vent safety switch hole cover plate and two (2) 1/2" screws for attachment of vent safety switch hole cover plate to the draft diverter. Attach vent safety switch hole cover plate over hole on the draft diverter from which the L280 vent safety switch was removed.
3. Remove two (2) screws at bottom of draft diverter and lift upward to remove draft diverter from the draft diverter plate. Rotate draft diverter into the horizontal position and slide back into the draft diverter plate. Attach two (2) screws into bottom of the draft diverter.
4. Remove vent safety switch hole knockout and two (2) knockouts for screws on opposite side of draft diverter.
5. Attach L280 vent safety switch to the draft diverter.
6. Repositioning of the draft diverter is completed.



DRAFT DIVERTER CAN BE EITHER A VERTICAL VENT  
OR HORIZONTAL VENT

**Figure 4**

## THERMOSTAT OPERATION

### **Thermostat Operation**

To turn on burner, rotate dial knob toward setting number 7. To shut down burner, rotate dial knob toward number 1.

The dial numbers 1 through 7 correspond to 50° (10°C) through 90°F (32°C). This is the temperature at the bulb thermostat not the room temperature. The owner is advised to determine the particular heat setting that is desired for comfort, as heating requirements are different for every owner.

**Attention:** If no heat is desired, turn the gas control knob to the PILOT position.



## FOR YOUR SAFETY READ BEFORE LIGHTING

**WARNING: If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or loss of life.**

**A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.**

**B. BEFORE LIGHTING** smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

### WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.

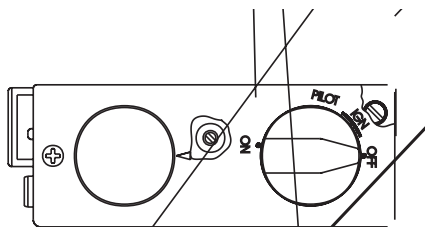
• If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

**C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don't try to repair it; call a qualified service technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.**

**D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.**

## LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. STOP! Read the safety information to the left of this label.
2. Set thermostat to lowest setting.
3. Turn off all electric power to the appliance. (If applicable)
4. Remove access panel (front panel).



5. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF". Do not force.
6. Wait ten (10) minutes to clear out any gas. Then smell for gas, including near floor. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in the safety information to the left of this label. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.
7. Remove the pilot access cover located on the combustion chamber.
8. Find pilot - the pilot is attached to front of burner.

9. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "IGN".
10. Depress and turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "PILOT". A spark is produced when gas control knob is turned between "IGN" and "PILOT". Repeatedly depress and turn gas control knob between "IGN" and "PILOT" until pilot is ignited. Continue to hold the control knob in for about one (1) minute after pilot is lit. Release knob and it will pop back up. If it goes out, repeat steps 5 through 10.

- If knob does not pop up when released, stop and immediately call your service technician or gas supplier.
- If the pilot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob to "OFF" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

11. Attention! Gas control has INTERLOCK latching device. When the pilot is initially lit and the safety magnet is energized (pilot stays on) the INTERLOCK latching device becomes operative. If the gas control is turned to the "OFF" position or gas flow to the appliance is shut off, the pilot cannot be relighted until the safety magnet is de-energized (approximately 60 seconds). There will be an audible "click" when the safety magnet in the gas control is de-energized. Pilot can now be relit. Repeat steps 5 through 10.

12. Turn gas control knob counterclockwise to "ON".
13. Turn on all electric power to the appliance. (If applicable)
14. Replace pilot access cover and access panel (front panel).
15. Set thermostat to desired setting.

## TO TURN OFF GAS TO APPLIANCE

1. Set thermostat to lowest setting.
2. Turn off all electric power to the appliance. (If applicable)  
If service is to be performed.

3. Push in gas control knob slightly and turn clockwise to "OFF". Do not force.

## PILOT FLAME CHARACTERISTICS

The correct flame will be almost horizontal, blue and will extend past the thermocouple 1/4" (6mm). The flame will surround the thermocouple just below the tip.

On Propane (LP-gas) slight yellow might occur where the pilot flame and the burner flame meet.

Natural gas pilots require adjusting when the inlet pressure is above 5" w.c. (1.25kPa) Remove pilot adjustment cover. Turn adjustment screw clockwise to reduce flame.

Propane (LP-gas) will not require adjusting.

After use, cleaning of the pilot burner may be required for the proper flame. The pilot orifice can be cleaned with high pressure air or by placing under running water. Pilot orifice must be dry before replacement. Use a pipe cleaner to clean inside the pilot after the pilot orifice has been removed.

### To Remove Pilot Orifice

1. Disconnect the pilot supply line at the pilot burner.
2. Remove pilot orifice from pilot burner. It may be necessary to tap on pilot burner in order to remove the pilot orifice.

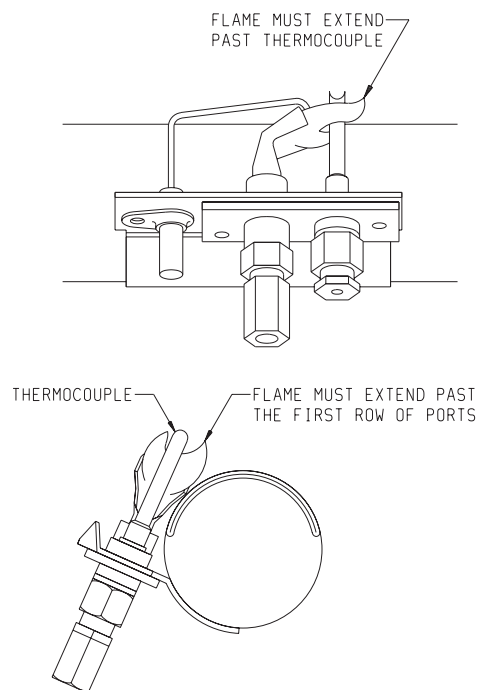


Figure 5

## MAIN BURNER FLAME CHARACTERISTICS

There will be a short blue inner flame with a larger, lighter blue secondary flame. The burner flame may have yellow tips when hot. Dust in the combustion air will produce an orange or red flame. Do not mistake the orange or red flame for an improper yellow flame.

**Attention:** On Propane gas, if a whistling noise (resonation) occurs close the air shutter on the main burner in order to reduce the amount of primary air. The reduction in primary air will soften the main burner flame and will eliminate the whistling noise (resonation).

On Propane or Natural gas if a yellow flame occurs open the air shutter on the main burner in order to increase the amount of primary air. The increase in primary air will sharpen the main burner and will eliminate the yellow flame.

After use, cleaning of the main burner may be required for the proper flame. The main burner may be cleaned by forcing water into the ports and the throat of the burner. The burner should be blown dry or heated to remove all water before replacement.

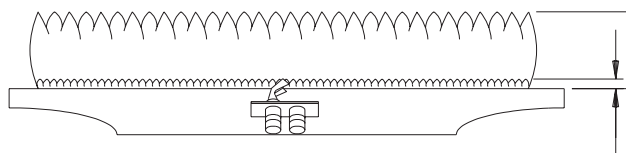


Figure 6

### On Propane Gas, if a whistling noise (resonation) occurs

- a. Close the air shutter on the main burner in order to reduce the amount of primary air.

### To Remove Main Burner

1. Disconnect the thermocouple and pilot supply line at the pilot burner.
2. Unscrew the nut on the orifice fitting union. Orifice fitting is threaded into the main burner.
3. Remove screw on each side of the main burner and lift out.

### To Remove Main Burner Orifice

1. Unscrew the nut on the orifice fitting union. Orifice fitting is threaded into the main burner.
2. Unthread the orifice fitting from the main burner.
3. Main burner orifice is located at the end of the orifice fitting.
4. Remove main burner orifice from orifice fitting with a 1/2" (13mm) wrench.

### Cleaning Combustion Chamber

A qualified serviceman should remove the chamber and apply air pressure to the inside in order to clear all passageways.

#### 1. Impossible to light pilot

- a. If using piezo ignitor, check electrode location.
- b. Remove nut at orifice and check for gas.
- c. If gas available, check for blocked orifice or pilot.

#### 2. Pilot outage

- a. Proper size of pilot flame.
- b. Defective or weak thermocouple.

#### 3. Pilot flames but goes out when knob is r b

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#### 2. DbmMappln

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# HOW TO ORDER REPAIR PARTS

Parts can be ordered **only** through your **service person or dealer**. For best results, the **service person or dealer** should order parts through the distributor. Parts can be shipped directly to the **service person/dealer**.

All parts listed in the Parts List have a Part Number. When ordering parts, first obtain the Model Number from the name plate on your equipment. Then determine the Part Number (**not** the Index Number) and the Description of each part from the following appropriate illustration and list. Be sure to give all this information.

Furnace Model Number \_\_\_\_\_ Part Description \_\_\_\_\_

Furnace Serial Number \_\_\_\_\_ Part Number \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Gas (Propane or Natural) \_\_\_\_\_

Do not order bolts, screws, washers or nuts. They are standard hardware items and can be purchased at any local hardware store.

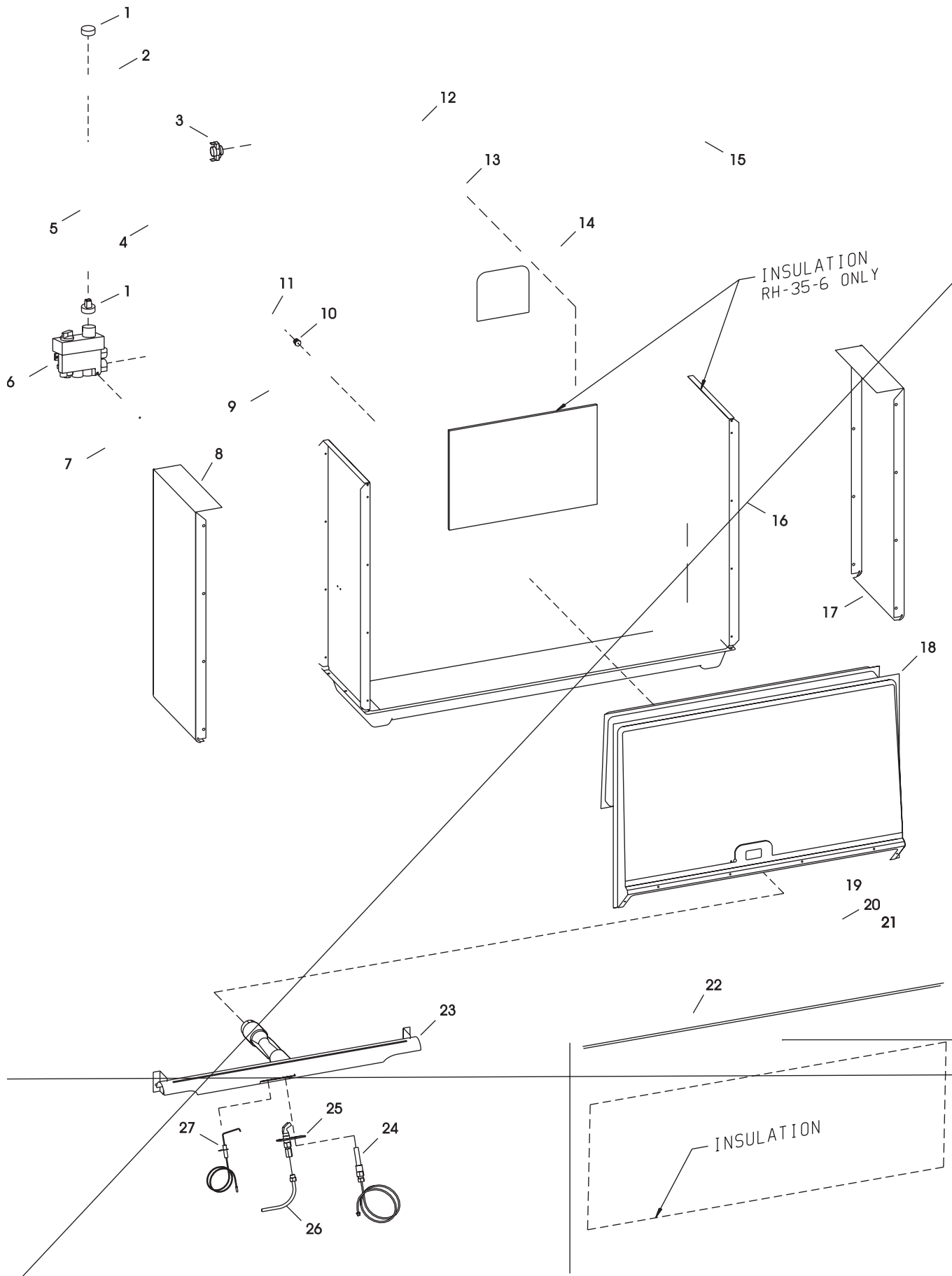
Shipments contingent upon strikes, fires and all causes beyond our control.

**Empire Comfort Systems, Inc.** Nine Eighteen Freeburg Ave. Belleville, IL 62222-0529

## PARTS LIST

INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	INDEX NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
1	R-6096	Knob & Adaptor Set	16	11704	Inner Casing Assembly (RH-25-6) (USA)
2	11700	Control Rod Bracket	16	15672	Inner Casing Assembly (RH-25-6) (Canada)
3	R-2706	ECO Switch	16	11701	Inner Casing Assembly (RH-35-6) (USA)
4	R-8195	ECO Wire Assembly	16	15673	Inner Casing Assembly (RH-35-6) (Canada)
5	11699	Control Rod	17	RH-705	Casing Side
6	R-6104	Gas Valve (LPG)	18	RH-691	Combustion Chamber Assembly (RH-35-6)
6	R-6103	Gas Valve (Nat)	18	RH-701	Combustion Chamber Assembly (RH-25-6)
7	11697	Valve Bracket	19	M-155	Gasket
8	RH-705	Casing Side	20	DV-781	Lighting Hole Cover Assembly
9	RH-708	Air Inlet Baffle	21	DV-064	Cover Plate
10	P-86-37	Main Burner Orifice, (RH-35-6 Nat)	22	RH-682	Casing Front (USA)
10	P-86-44	Main Burner Orifice, (RH-25-6 Nat)	22	15671	Casing Front (Canada)
10	P-86-51	Main Burner Orifice, (RH-35-6 LPG)	23	RH-737	Burner (RH-25-6)
10	P-86-54	Main Burner Orifice, (RH-25-6 LPG)	23	RH-738	Burner (RH-35-6)
11	P-269	Manifold Assembly	24	R-1195	Thermocouple 36"
12	RH-818	Diverter Assembly	25	R-1227	Pilot Burner with Orifice (Nat)
13	RH-801	Down Draft Shield	25	R-1228	Pilot Burner with Orifice (LPG)
14	RH-799	Diverter Plate	26	11698	Pilot Tubing
15	DV-951	Casing Top	27	R-6120	Electrode and Wire Assembly

**USE ONLY MANUFACTURER'S REPLACEMENT PARTS. USE OF ANY OTHER PARTS COULD CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.**



# OPTIONAL BLOWER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

## DRB-1 For Vented Room Heaters Models

**RH-25-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6) and RH-35-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6)**

**Direct Vent Wall Furnaces DV-25-(1, 2)SG and DV-35-(1, 2)SG**

### Installing Optional DRB-1 Blower

1. **For RH-25-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6) and RH-35-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6)**, remove casing front.
1. **For DV-25-(1, 2)SG and DV-35-(1, 2)SG**, remove casing front and heat shield.
2. When facing appliance, insert blower assembly into the left section of the casing (adjacent to the combustion chamber).
3. **For RH-25-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6) and RH-35-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6)**, route cord set through opening in casing back. The opening in casing back is located adjacent to gas control.
3. **For DV-25-(1, 2)SG and DV-35-(1, 2)SG**, route cord set through opening in casing bottom. The opening in casing bottom is located beneath gas control.
4. Align the (2) screw holes on the inner side panel and the (2) screw holes on casing back with the (4) clearance holes on the blower assembly. Attach blower assembly to the casing back and inner side panel with (4) #10 x 1/2" (13mm) screws provided. The blower assembly must be attached **first** to the casing back and then to the casing side panel.
5. **For RH-25-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6) and RH-35-(1, 2, 4, 5, 6)**, replace casing front.
5. **For DV-25-(1, 2)SG and DV-35-(1, 2)SG**, replace heat shield and casing front.

**Attention:** Wiring harness on blower is factory assembled and installed. If wiring harness becomes disassembled use the following steps to reassemble the wiring harness.

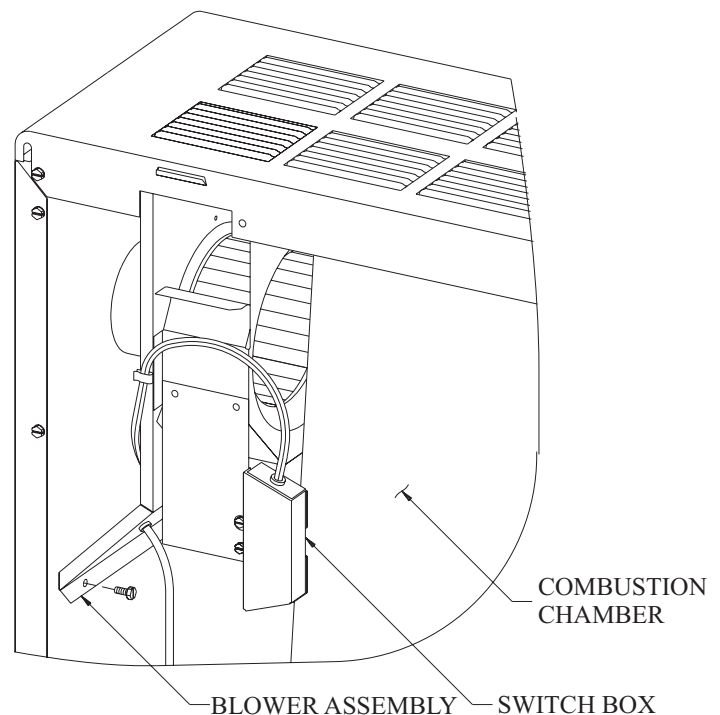
1. Attach (1) pin terminal from black (hot) wire, smooth insulation on cord set to (1) socket terminal on fan control assembly.
2. Attach (1) pin terminal from black (neutral) wire, ribbed insulation on cord set to (1) socket terminal from white (neutral) wire on motor.
3. Attach (1) pin terminal on fan control assembly to (1) socket terminal from black (hot) wire on motor.
4. Attach green ground wire beneath one of the #10 x 1/2" (13mm) screws on the blower housing.

### Fan Control

The automatic fan control is located in the switch box. The switch box is attached to the front of the blower assembly. The switch box is adjacent to the combustion chamber. The fan control is a non-adjustable automatic type. The fan control will require between 5 and 10 minutes of main burner operation before the fan control “closes” and activates the blower. The blower will continue to run between 5 and 10 minutes after the main burner shuts off, before the fan control “opens” and deactivates the blower.

### Wiring

The appliance, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the *National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70* or *Canadian Electrical*





Code, CSA C22.1, if an external electrical source is utilized. **This appliance is equipped with a three-prong [grounding] plug for your protection against shock hazard and should be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle. Do not cut or remove the grounding prong from this plug.** For an ungrounded receptacle, an adapter, which has two prongs and a wire for grounding, can be purchased, plugged into the ungrounded receptacle and its wire connected to the receptacle mounting screws. With this wire completing the ground, the appliance cord plug can be plugged into the adapter and be electrically grounded.

**CAUTION:** Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.

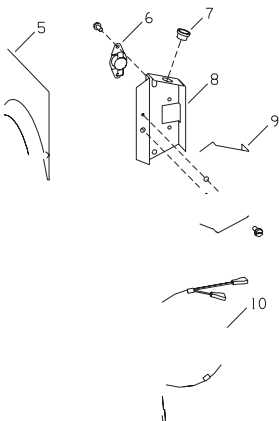
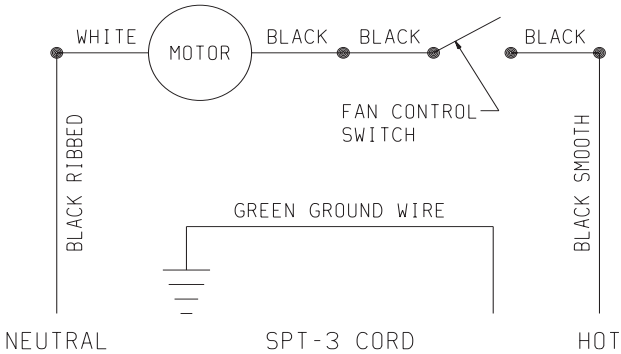
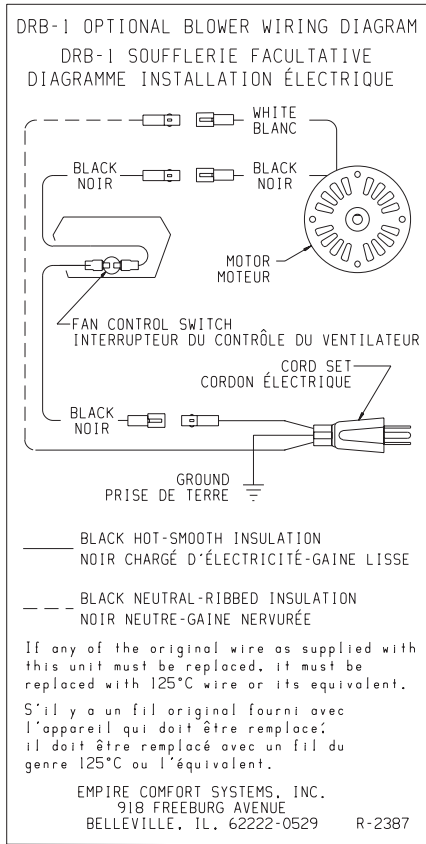
**WARNING:**  
**Unplugging of blower accessory will not stop the heater from cycling. To shut heater off:**  
**1. Turn temperature dial or thermostat to lowest setting.**  
**2. Turn knob on gas control to “OFF”, depressing slightly.**  
**Do not force.**

**Cleaning**

The blower wheel will collect lint and could require cleaning once a year. If the air output decreases or the noise level increases, it indicates a dirty wheel. Complete removal of the wheel and scrubbing it with a brush under flowing water is recommended.

**Oiling**

The blower motor has an oil hole located on each end of the motor. Use #20 motor oil only. It is best to oil the motor several times during the heating season using 2 or 3 drops each time. If the motor fails to start and hums, it could be a tight bearing due to lack of oil. This may be corrected by pouring kerosene in the oil holes, allowing to stand for a few hours and then oiling properly.



Parts List		
Index No.	Part No.	Description
1	R-2090	Motor
2	632016	Motor Cushion
3	RH-036	Motor Support
4	642030	Blower Wheel
5	RH-710	Blower Housing Assembly
6	9120106	Fan Control Switch
7	872087	Heyco Bushing
8	DV-806	Switch Box
9	DV-807	Switch Box Cover
10	R-2091	Wire Assembly 19" (483mm)
11	8720161	Heyco Bushing
12	R-2099	Cord Set 72" (183cm)

## SERVICE NOTES



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